

March,2021

Result of an annual survey of International Students Survey in Japan, 2020



Independent Administrative Institution
**Japan Student Services
Organization**

Japan Student Services Organization (JASSO)'s survey (2020) investigates the enrollment situation of international students in Japan (in the fiscal year 2020, as of May) at graduate schools, universities (four-year institutions), junior colleges (two-year institutions), colleges of technology, professional training colleges, Japanese language institutes and university preparatory courses. The overall objectives of this survey were to acquire a deeper understanding of international students' facts and figures in Japan.

Note 1: The survey was conducted under Ministry of Education, Culture, Sports, Science and Technology (MEXT) until 2003, but is now administered under JASSO, which was established in April 2004 as a quasi-governmental organization that provides scholarship and support programs for both international and domestic students.

Note 2: The term "international student" as used in this survey is defined pursuant to provisions of Appended Table 1 of the "Immigration Control and Refugee Recognition Law," as a student from a foreign country who is granted the status of residence as "College Student" (Student Visa) and who is receiving education at a Japanese university, graduate school, junior college, college of technology, professional training college, or educational institution providing university preparatory courses.

Note 3: A new simplified student visa framework was launched on July 15, 2009 under the Immigration Control and Refugee Recognition Act; international students enrolled in Japanese language institutes were incorporated in 2011.

Prior to 2013, the base number of international students used in this survey excluded students enrolled in Japanese language institutes, while the number enrolled solely in Japanese language institutes, as well as the sum when combined with other educational institutions, were released as reference data. However, after the previous 4 surveys confirmed that the number of students belonging to Japanese language institutes can be tracked consistently, we began to add them to the base number of international students starting with the 2014 survey.

Note 4: "Japanese government scholarship (for overseas) students" receive financial aid from MEXT in the form of the Japanese government (MEXT) scholarship program established in 1954 or the Japan-Korea Joint Exchange Program in Science and Engineering Students scholarship sponsored by Japanese government.

Note 5: "Foreign government-sponsored students" 1) receive assistance from their own country/region; 2) are sponsored by the "Project for Human Resource Development Scholarship" by Japanese Grant Aid (former, Japanese Grant Aid for Human Resource Development Scholarship: JDS); or 3) are participants of the Japan-Korea Joint Exchange Program in Science and Engineering Students sponsored by Korean government.

Note 6: "Short-term international students" refers to a students who enroll in a higher education institution in Japan to take less than one year of courses and obtain credit but do not necessarily receive an academic degree. These programs offer a variety of courses related to Japanese language or culture.

Note 7: The university preparatory course designated by MEXT is for international students who are pursuing higher education but who have not completed a total of twelve years' worth of precollege education yet.

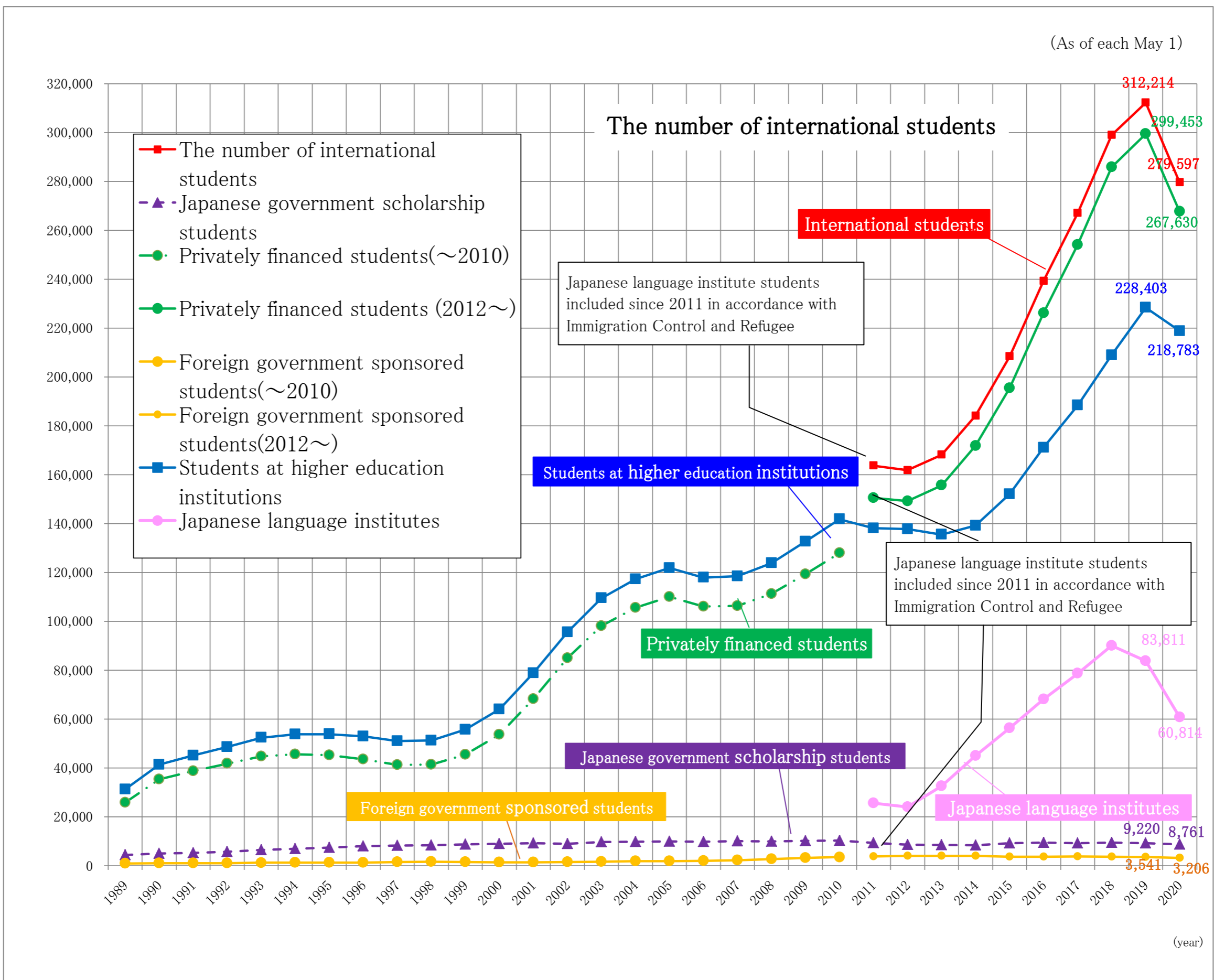
Note 8: The sum total of each item may not exactly match the number shown in the table's total values column/row because the numbers have been rounded off.

1. Trends in number of international students by source of funds (As of each May 1)

Year	The number of international students	Source of funds			Educational institution type	
		Japanese government	Foreign government	Privately financed	Higher Education Institutions	Japanese language institutes
1978	5,849	1,075	0	4,774	5,849	
1979	5,933	1,183	105	4,645	5,933	
1980	6,572	1,369	419	4,784	6,572	
1981	7,179	1,578	475	5,126	7,179	
1982	8,116	1,777	662	5,677	8,116	
1983	10,428	2,082	863	7,483	10,428	
1984	12,410	2,345	798	9,267	12,410	
1985	15,009	2,502	774	11,733	15,009	
1986	18,631	3,077	895	14,659	18,631	
1987	22,154	3,458	995	17,701	22,154	
1988	25,643	4,118	976	20,549	25,643	
1989	31,251	4,465	934	25,852	31,251	
1990	41,347	4,961	1,026	35,360	41,347	
1991	45,066	5,219	1,072	38,775	45,066	
1992	48,561	5,699	1,058	41,804	48,561	
1993	52,405	6,408	1,214	44,783	52,405	
1994	53,787	6,880	1,330	45,577	53,787	
1995	53,847	7,371	1,231	45,245	53,847	
1996	52,921	8,051	1,297	43,573	52,921	
1997	51,047	8,250	1,524	41,273	51,047	
1998	51,298	8,323	1,585	41,390	51,298	
1999	55,755	8,774	1,542	45,439	55,755	

Year	The number of international students	Source of funds			Educational institution type	
		Japanese government	Foreign government	Privately financed	Higher Education Institutions	Japanese language institutes
2000	64,011	8,930	1,441	53,640	64,011	
2001	78,812	9,173	1,369	68,270	78,812	
2002	95,550	9,009	1,517	85,024	95,550	
2003	109,508	9,746	1,627	98,135	109,508	
2004	117,302	9,804	1,906	105,592	117,302	
2005	121,812	9,891	1,903	110,018	121,812	
2006	117,927	9,869	1,956	106,102	117,927	
2007	118,498	10,020	2,181	106,297	118,498	
2008	123,829	9,923	2,681	111,225	123,829	
2009	132,720	10,168	3,235	119,317	132,720	
2010	141,774	10,349	3,505	127,920	141,774	
2011	163,697	9,396	3,763	150,538	138,075	25,622
2012	161,848	8,588	4,068	149,192	137,756	24,092
2013	168,145	8,529	3,999	155,617	135,519	32,626
2014	184,155	8,351	3,996	171,808	139,185	44,970
2015	208,379	9,223	3,737	195,419	152,062	56,317
2016	239,287	9,481	3,682	226,124	171,122	68,165
2017	267,042	9,166	3,760	254,116	188,384	78,658
2018	298,980	9,423	3,733	285,824	208,901	90,079
2019	312,214	9,220	3,541	299,453	228,403	83,811
2020	279,597	8,761	3,206	267,630	218,783	60,814

※In accordance with the unification of student visas, the total number of international students including Japanese language institutes is also drawn since 2011.

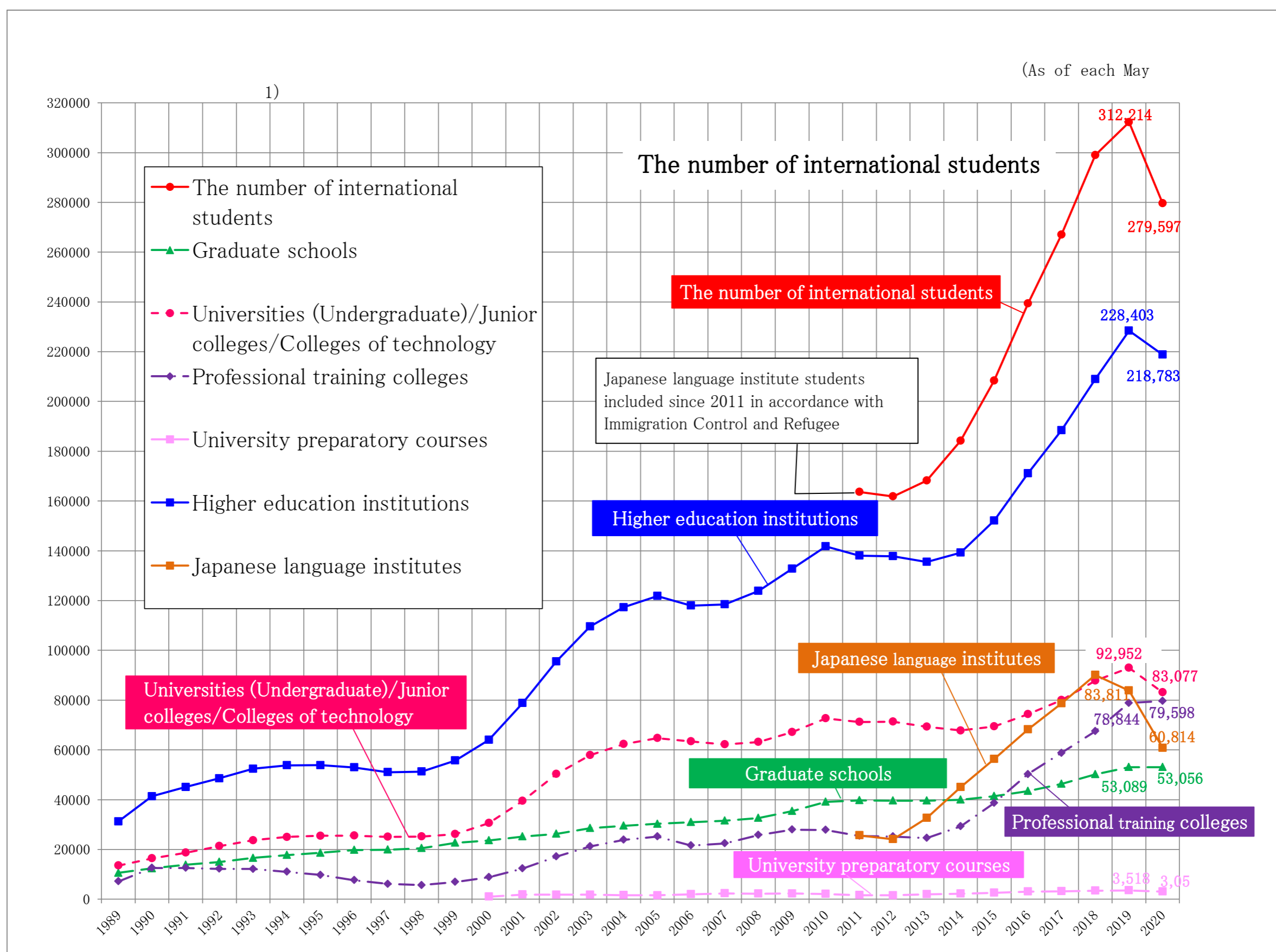


2. Trends in number of international students by institutional type

Year	The number of international students	Higher Education Institutions				Japanese language institutes
		Graduate schools	Universities (undergraduate)- Junior colleges- Colleges of Technology	Professional training colleges	University preparatory courses	
1983	10,428人	3,905	5,693	830		
1984	12,410人	4,590	6,216	1,604		
1985	15,009人	5,384	7,201	2,424		
1986	18,631人	6,838	8,291	3,502		
1987	22,154人	8,035	9,803	4,316		
1988	25,643人	9,354	11,246	5,043		
1989	31,251人	10,568	13,486	7,197		
1990	41,347人	12,383	16,390	12,574		
1991	45,066人	13,816	18,710	12,540		
1992	48,561人	15,004	21,364	12,193		
1993	52,405人	16,592	23,677	12,136		
1994	53,787人	17,740	25,009	11,038		
1995	53,847人	18,645	25,477	9,725		
1996	52,921人	19,779	25,504	7,638		
1997	51,047人	19,856	25,052	6,139		
1998	51,298人	20,483	25,159	5,656		
1999	55,755人	22,679	26,160	6,916		
2000	64,011人	23,585	30,612	8,815	999	
2001	78,812人	25,146	39,502	12,324	1,840	

Year	The number of international students	Higher Education Institutions				Japanese language institutes
		Graduate schools	Universities (undergraduate)- Junior colleges- Colleges of technology	Professional training colleges	University preparatory courses	
2002	95,550	26,229	50,321	17,173	1,827	
2003	109,508	28,542	57,911	21,233	1,822	
2004	117,302	29,514	62,311	23,833	1,644	
2005	121,812	30,278	64,774	25,197	1,563	
2006	117,927	30,910	63,437	21,562	2,018	
2007	118,498	31,592	62,159	22,399	2,348	
2008	123,829	32,666	63,175	25,753	2,235	
2009	132,720	35,405	67,108	27,914	2,293	
2010	141,774	39,097	72,665	27,872	2,140	
2011	163,697	39,749	71,244	25,463	1,619	25,622
2012	161,848	39,641	71,361	25,167	1,587	24,092
2013	168,145	39,567	69,339	24,586	2,027	32,626
2014	184,155	39,979	67,782	29,227	2,197	44,970
2015	208,379	41,396	69,405	38,654	2,607	56,317
2016	239,287	43,478	74,323	50,235	3,086	68,165
2017	267,042	46,373	80,020	58,771	3,220	78,658
2018	298,980	50,184	87,806	67,475	3,436	90,079
2019	312,214	53,089	92,952	78,844	3,518	83,811
2020	279,597	53,056	83,077	79,598	3,052	60,814

※In accordance with the unification of student visas, the total number of international students including Japanese language institutes is also drawn since 2011.



3. Number of international students by region of origin

In the number of international students according to home region, 94.6% (previous year: 93.6%) of the students came from Asia, and 3.5% (previous year: 4.4%) from Europe and North America.

Region	Number of students	% of total
Asia	264,420	94.6%
	(292,317)	(93.6)
Europe	7,809	2.8%
	(10,345)	(3.3)
North America	2,085	0.7%
	(3,437)	(1.1)
Africa	2,070	0.7%
	(2,247)	(0.7)
Latin America	1,550	0.6%
	(1,718)	(0.6)
Middle East	1,192	0.4%
	(1,367)	(0.4)
Oceania	462	0.2%
	(771)	(0.2)
Others	9	0.0%
	(12)	(0.0)
Total	279,597	100.0%
	(312,214)	(100.0)

() indicates figures as of May 1, 2019

4. Number of international students by nationality

Students from China and Vietnam account for over 65.9% (previous year: 63.4%) of the total number of international students.

Country/region	Number of students	% of total	Country/region	Number of students	% of total
China	121,845 (124,436)	43.6% (39.9)	France	1,231 (1,635)	0.4% (0.5)
VietNam	62,233 (73,389)	22.3% (23.5)	Russian Federation	754 (831)	0.3% (0.3)
Nepal	24,002 (26,308)	8.6% (8.4)	Cambodia	696 (751)	0.2% (0.2)
Republic Of Korea	15,785 (18,338)	5.6% (5.9)	Germany	631 (949)	0.2% (0.3)
Taiwan	7,088 (9,584)	2.5% (3.1)	United Kingdom	553 (730)	0.2% (0.2)
Indonesia	6,199 (6,756)	2.2% (2.2)	Brazil	550 (548)	0.2% (0.2)
Sri Lanka	5,238 (7,240)	1.9% (2.3)	Pakistan	540 (470)	0.2% (0.2)
Myanmar	4,211 (5,383)	1.5% (1.7)	Italy	476 (789)	0.2% (0.3)
Bangladesh	3,098 (3,527)	1.1% (1.1)	Egypt	381 (394)	0.1% (0.1)
Mongolia	3,075 (3,396)	1.1% (1.1)	Spain	380 (419)	0.1% (0.1)
Thailand	3,032 (3,847)	1.1% (1.2)	Mexico	362 (427)	0.1% (0.1)
Malaysia	2,670 (3,052)	1.0% (1.0)	Canada	333 (437)	0.1% (0.1)
Philippines	2,221 (2,852)	0.8% (0.9)	Singapore	332 (438)	0.1% (0.1)
United States	1,752 (3,000)	0.6% (1.0)	Sweden	288 (419)	0.1% (0.1)
India	1,675 (1,869)	0.6% (0.6)	Other countries	6,454 (8,058)	2.3% (2.6)
Uzbekistan	1,512 (1,942)	0.5% (0.6)	Total	279,597 (312,214)	100.0% (100.0)

() indicates figures as of May 1, 2019

5. Number of international students by gender

Gender	Number of students		% of total	
	Male	155,136	(172,406)	55.5%
Female	124,461	(139,808)	44.5%	(44.8)
Total	279,597	(312,214)	100.0%	(100.0)

() indicates figures as of May 1, 2019

6. Number of international students by institutional type

	National		Local public		Private		Total	
	Number of students	% of total	Number of students	% of total	Number of students	% of total	Number of students	% of total
Graduate school	32,800 (33,185)	61.8% (62.5)	2,329 (2,234)	4.4% (4.2)	17,927 (17,670)	33.8% (33.3)	53,056 53,089	100.0% 100.0%
University (undergraduate)	10,591 (13,070)	13.3% (14.6)	1,611 (1,985)	2.0% (2.2)	67,624 (74,547)	84.7% (83.2)	79,826 89,602	100.0% 100.0%
Junior college	0 (0)	0.0% (0.0)	1 (18)	0.04% (0.6)	2,827 (2,826)	99.96% (99.4)	2,828 2,844	100.0% 100.0%
College of technology	421 (453)	99.5% (89.5)	0 (0)	0.0% (0.0)	2 (53)	0.5% (10.5)	423 506	100.0% 100.0%
Professional training college	0 (0)	0.0% (0.0)	27 (24)	0.03% (0.0)	79,571 (78,820)	99.97% (100.0)	79,598 78,844	100.0% 100.0%
University preparatory course	125 (0)	4.1% (0.0)	0 (0)	0.0% (0.0)	2,927 (3,518)	95.9% (100.0)	3,052 3,518	100.0% 100.0%
Japanese language institutes	0 (0)	0.0% (0.0)	30 (93)	0.05% (0.1)	60,784 83,718	99.95% (99.9)	60,814 83,811	100.0% 100.0%
Total	43,937 (46,708)	15.7% (15.0)	3,998 (4,354)	1.4% (1.4)	231,662 (261,152)	82.9% (83.6)	279,597 (312,214)	100.0% 100.0%

() indicates figures as of May 1, 2019

7. Number of international students by major field

Major field	Number of students		% of total	
Humanities	100,887	(133,061)	36.1%	(42.6)
Social science	81,975	(84,714)	29.3%	(27.1)
Science	4,255	(4,305)	1.5%	(1.4)
Engineering	41,780	(40,145)	14.9%	(12.9)
Agriculture	4,075	(4,059)	1.5%	(1.3)
Health care	5,869	(5,466)	2.1%	(1.8)
Home economics	5,874	(5,460)	2.1%	(1.7)
Education	3,157	(3,536)	1.1%	(1.1)
Arts	13,089	(11,901)	4.7%	(3.8)
Others	18,636	(19,567)	6.7%	(6.3)
Total	279,597	(312,214)	100.0%	(100.0)

() indicates figures as of May 1, 2019

8. Number of international students by region and prefecture of Japan

Region	Number of students	% of total	Prefecture	Number of students		Region	Number of students	% of total	Prefecture	Number of students				
Hokkaido	4,075 (4,383)	1.5% (1.4)	Hokkaido	4,075	(4,383)	Kinki	53,126 (56,392)	19.0% (18.1)	Mie	1,704	(1,582)			
									Shiga	545	(508)			
Kyoto	13,807	(14,576)												
Osaka	24,361	(26,257)												
Hyogo	10,729	(11,446)												
Nara	1,349	(1,397)												
Tohoku	7,184 (7,046)	2.6% (2.3)	Aomori	416	(416)				Chugoku	11,545 (12,222)	4.1% (3.9)	Wakayama	631	(626)
			Iwate	411	(407)							Tottori	320	(307)
			Miyagi	4,873	(4,632)							Shimane	382	(345)
			Akita	323	(460)							Okayama	3,548	(3,703)
			Yamagata	315	(311)	Hiroshima	4,746	(5,140)						
			Fukushima	846	(820)	Yamaguchi	2,549	(2,727)						
Kanto	144,443 (168,235)	51.7% (53.9)	Ibaraki	4,897	(5,934)	Shikoku	1,868 (1,900)	0.7% (0.6)	Tokushima	515	(470)			
			Tochigi	3,009	(3,130)				Kagawa	672	(656)			
			Gunma	4,726	(7,070)				Ehime	479	(554)			
			Saitama	11,514	(12,477)				Kochi	202	(220)			
			Chiba	10,212	(12,260)	Kyushu	31,394 (32,196)	11.2% (10.3)	Fukuoka	19,260	(19,629)			
			Tokyo	100,799	(116,094)				Saga	922	(888)			
			Kanagawa	9,286	(11,270)				Nagasaki	1,959	(2,145)			
			Chubu	25,962 (29,840)	9.3 (9.6)				Niigata	2,198	(2,434)	Kumamoto	1,173	(1,149)
Toyama	658	(694)				Oita	3,559	(3,837)						
Ishikawa	1,939	(1,986)				Miyazaki	633	(610)						
Fukui	458	(568)				Kagoshima	1,212	(1,323)						
Yamanashi	1,075	(1,078)				Okinawa	2,676	(2,615)						
Nagano	1,445	(1,624)				Total	279,597 (312,214)	100.0% (100.0%)						
Gifu	2,026	(2,071)												
Shizuoka	3,815	(3,584)												
Aichi	12,348	(15,801)												

() indicates figures as of May 1, 2019

Note: International students attending universities whose campuses lie in two or more prefectures are included in the figure for the prefecture where the main office of the university is located.

Summary by prefecture where international students are studying

Region	Number of students	% of total	Prefecture	Number of students	Region	Number of students	% of total	Prefecture	Number of students			
Hokkaido	4,110	1.5%	Hokkaido	4,110	Kinki	53,410	19.1%	Mie	1,704			
								Shiga	1,585			
Kyoto	12,194											
Osaka	25,383											
Hyogo	10,534											
Nara	1,372											
Wakayama	638											
Tohoku	7,175	2.6%	Aomori	380				Chugoku	10,878	3.9%	Tottori	304
			Iwate	387							Shimane	398
			Miyagi	4,873							Okayama	3,513
			Akita	323	Hiroshima	4,767						
			Yamagata	332	Yamaguchi	1,896						
			Fukushima	880								
Kanto	145,787	52.1%	Ibaraki	4,199	Shikoku	1,896	0.7%	Tokushima	494			
			Tochigi	2,984				Kagawa	711			
			Gunma	3,028				Ehime	476			
			Saitama	11,899				Kochi	215			
			Chiba	12,252	Kyushu	29,593	10.6%	Fukuoka	17,816			
			Tokyo	98,116				Saga	933			
			Kanagawa	13,309				Nagasaki	1,959			
								Kumamoto	1,213			
Chubu	26,748	9.6%	Niigata	2,205	Oita	3,559						
			Toyama	658	Miyazaki	633						
			Ishikawa	1,939	Kagoshima	797						
			Fukui	458	Okinawa	2,683						
			Yamanashi	1,077								
			Nagano	1,445								
			Gifu	2,012								
			Shizuoka	3,951								
			Aichi	13,003								
						Total		279,597	100.0%			

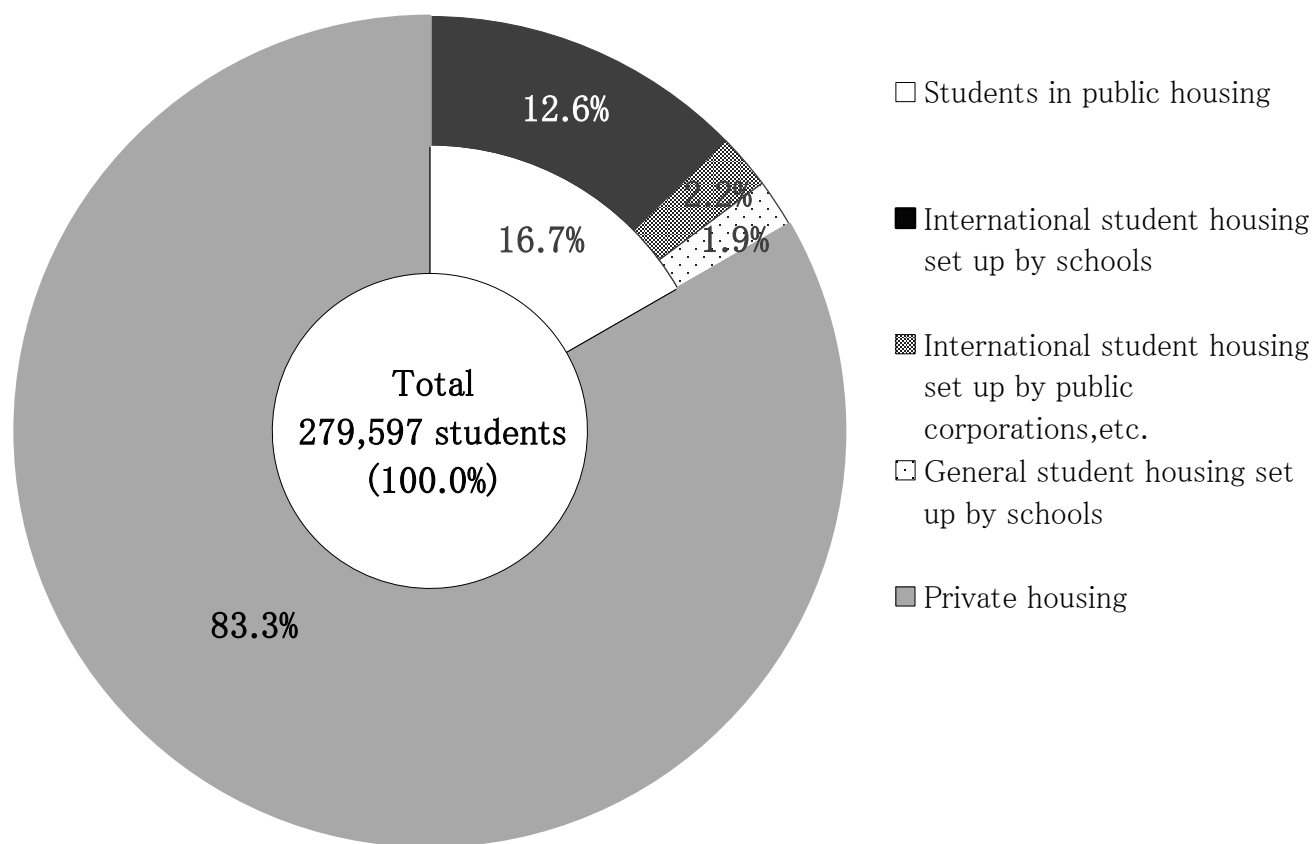
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9. Number of International Students by Housing (As of May 1, 2020)

○Total number of international students 279,597 students (Decrease of 32,617 students)

○Students in public housing 46,691 students (Decrease of 22,752 students)

Type	Number of students
Public housing	46,691
International student housing set up by schools	35,345
National : 94 schools	9,168
Local public : 35 schools	717
Private : 794 schools	25,460
International student housing set up by public corporations, etc.	6,041
Student housing set up by JASSO	843
Student housing set up by local government	802
Student housing set up by public corporations	1,117
Public housing	1,619
Private company housing	1,660
General student housing set up by schools	5,305
National : 92 schools	2,350
Local public : 11 schools	85
Private : 245schools	2,870
Private housing	232,906
Total	279,597



【Reference 1】

Shift in number and percentage of international students

Year	Number of students	Annual increase	Annual % change
1983	10,428	2,312	28.5%
1984	12,410	1,982	19.0%
1985	15,009	2,599	20.9%
1986	18,631	3,622	24.1%
1987	22,154	3,523	18.9%
1988	25,643	3,489	15.7%
1989	31,251	5,608	21.9%
1990	41,347	10,096	32.3%
1991	45,066	3,719	9.0%
1992	48,561	3,495	7.8%
1993	52,405	3,844	7.9%
1994	53,787	1,382	2.6%
1995	53,847	60	0.1%
1996	52,921	-926	-1.7%
1997	51,047	-1,874	-3.5%
1998	51,298	251	0.5%
1999	55,755	4,457	8.7%
2000	64,011	8,256	14.8%
2001	78,812	14,801	23.1%
2002	95,550	16,738	21.2%
2003	109,508	13,958	14.6%
2004	117,302	7,794	7.1%
2005	121,812	4,510	3.8%
2006	117,927	-3,885	-3.2%
2007	118,498	571	0.5%
2008	123,829	5,331	4.5%
2009	132,720	8,891	7.2%
2010	141,774	9,054	6.8%

(As of each May 1)

Year	Number of students (Higher Education Institutions and Japanese language Institutes)	Annual increase	Annual % change	Number of students in Higher Education Institutions	Annual increase	Annual % change	Number of students in Japanese language Institutes	Annual increase	Annual % change
2011	163,697	—	—	138,075	-3,699	-2.6%	25,622	—	—
2012	161,848	-1,849	-1.1%	137,756	-319	-0.2%	24,092	-1,530	-6.0%
2013	168,145	6,297	3.9%	135,519	-2,237	-1.6%	32,626	8,534	35.4%
2014	184,155	16,010	9.5%	139,185	3,666	2.7%	44,970	12,344	37.8%
2015	208,379	24,224	13.2%	152,062	12,877	9.3%	56,317	11,347	25.2%
2016	239,287	30,908	14.8%	171,122	19,060	12.5%	68,165	11,848	21.0%
2017	267,042	27,755	11.6%	188,384	17,262	10.1%	78,658	10,493	15.4%
2018	298,980	31,938	12.0%	208,901	20,517	10.9%	90,079	11,421	14.5%
2019	312,214	13,234	4.4%	228,403	19,502	9.3%	83,811	-6,268	-7.0%
2020	279,597	-32,617	-10.4%	218,783	-9,620	-4.2%	60,814	-22,997	-27.4%

※ In accordance with the unification of student visas, the total number of international students including Japanese language institutes is also drawn since 2011.

【Reference 2】

The Major Universities in terms of Accepting Highest Number of International Student (As of May 1, 2020)

University name		Number of students	
Waseda University	Private	4,742	(5,724)
The University of Tokyo	National	4,076	(4,178)
Japan University of Economics	Private	3,355	(3,487)
Kyoto University	National	2,600	(2,631)
Osaka University	National	2,521	(2,594)
Ritsumeikan Asia Pacific University	Private	2,509	(2,759)
Ritsumeikan University	Private	2,462	(2,673)
Kyushu University	National	2,328	(2,387)
University of Tsukuba	National	2,247	(2,372)
Tohoku University	National	2,081	(2,162)
Hokkaido University	National	2,078	(2,223)
Keio University	Private	1,925	(2,103)
Nagoya University	National	1,870	(2,038)
Tokyo Institute of Technology	National	1,804	(1,774)
Hiroshima University	National	1,785	(1,898)
Tokyo University of Social Welfare	Private	1,784	(4,273)
Toyo University	Private	1,743	(1,657)
Meiji University	Private	1,566	(1,582)
Nihon University	Private	1,379	(1,405)
The Kyoto College of Graduate Studies for Informatics	Private	1,335	(1,059)
Tokai University	Private	1,241	(1,133)
Kobe University	National	1,227	(1,399)
Doshisha University	Private	1,207	(1,410)
Teikyo University	Private	1,164	(1,082)
Sophia University	Private	1,144	(1,555)
Kansai University	Private	1,110	(1,045)
Hosei University	Private	1,090	(1,107)
Takushoku University	Private	1,080	(1,080)
Tokyo International University	Private	1,067	(1,062)
Chiba University	National	958	(1,013)

() indicates figures as of May 1, 2019

【Reference 3】

International students in Higher education institutions

1. Number of international students by region of origin

In the number of international students according to home region, 94.1% (previous year: 92.7%) of the students came from Asia, and 3.7% (previous year: 4.8%) from Europe and North America.

Regarding the short-term international students, 66.9% (previous year: 63.3%) of the students came from Asia, and 28.3% (previous year: 31.8%) from Europe and North America.

Region	Number of students	% of total	Short-term students	
			Number of students	% of total
Asia	205,919 (211,773)	94.1% (92.7)	6,895 (11,906)	66.9% (63.3)
Europe	6,332 (7,980)	2.9% (3.5)	2,303 (4,059)	22.4% (21.6)
Africa	2,008 (2,169)	0.9% (0.9)	104 (114)	1.0% (0.6)
North America	1,690 (3,023)	0.8% (1.3)	611 (1,922)	5.9% (10.2)
Latin America	1,288 (1,459)	0.6% (0.6)	253 (384)	2.5% (2.0)
Middle East	1,130 (1,288)	0.5% (0.6)	87 (104)	0.8% (0.6)
Oceania	407 (699)	0.2% (0.3)	47 (308)	0.5% (1.6)
Others	9 (12)	0.0% (0.0)	2 (1)	0.0% (0.0)
Total	218,783 (228,403)	100.0% (100.0)	10,302 (18,798)	100.0% (100.0)

() indicates figures as of May 1, 2019

2. Number of international students by nationality

(1) Number of international students by nationality

Students from China and Vietnam account for over 63.4% (previous year: 61.0%) of the total number of international students.

Country/region	Number of students	% of total	Country/region	Number of students	% of total
China	95,003 (94,047)	43.4% (41.2)	France	965 (1,354)	0.4% (0.6)
Viet Nam	43,791 (45,248)	20.0% (19.8)	Cambodia	600 (650)	0.3% (0.3)
Nepal	18,454 (18,662)	8.4% (8.2)	Germany	563 (882)	0.3% (0.4)
Republic Of Korea	14,654 (15,977)	6.7% (7.0)	Russian Federation	494 (566)	0.2% (0.2)
Taiwan	5,888 (7,518)	2.7% (3.3)	United Kingdom	473 (629)	0.2% (0.3)
Indonesia	5,132 (5,204)	2.3% (2.3)	Brazil	464 (484)	0.2% (0.2)
Sri Lanka	4,770 (5,583)	2.2% (2.4)	Pakistan	379 (332)	0.2% (0.1)
Myanmar	3,527 (3,753)	1.6% (1.6)	Egypt	371 (382)	0.2% (0.2)
Bangladesh	2,829 (2,819)	1.3% (1.2)	Italy	287 (528)	0.1% (0.2)
Thailand	2,734 (3,265)	1.2% (1.4)	Canada	279 (386)	0.1% (0.2)
Malaysia	2,532 (2,880)	1.2% (1.3)	Mexico	265 (333)	0.1% (0.1)
Mongolia	2,111 (2,156)	1.0% (0.9)	Spain	256 (287)	0.1% (0.1)
United States	1,411 (2,637)	0.6% (1.2)	Singapore	237 (399)	0.1% (0.2)
Philippines	1,405 (1,409)	0.6% (0.6)	Laos	222 (225)	0.1% (0.1)
India	1,404 (1,395)	0.6% (0.6)	Other countries	5,949 (7,302)	2.7% (3.2)
Uzbekistan	1,334 (1,111)	0.6% (0.5)	Total	218,783 (228,403)	100.0% (100.0)

() indicates figures as of May 1, 2019

(2) Number of short-term international students by nationality

52.1% (previous year: 52.1%) from China, Republic of Korea and Taiwan, and 14.3% (previous year: 17.8%) from U.S.A, France and Germany.

Country/region	Number of students	% of total	Country/region	Number of students	% of total
China	4,227 (6,305)	41.0% (33.5)	Canada	69 (174)	0.7% (0.9)
Taiwan	752 (1,605)	7.3% (8.5)	Mexico	68 (153)	0.7% (0.8)
France	561 (936)	5.4% (5.0)	Finland	64 (151)	0.6% (0.8)
United States	542 (1,748)	5.3% (9.3)	India	60 (101)	0.6% (0.5)
Viet Nam	411 (464)	4.0% (2.5)	Mongolia	59 (79)	0.6% (0.4)
Republic Of Korea	387 (1,881)	3.8% (10.0)	Myanmar	55 (39)	0.5% (0.2)
Germany	376 (665)	3.6% (3.5)	Malaysia	52 (101)	0.5% (0.5)
Thailand	299 (484)	2.9% (2.6)	Turky	50 (66)	0.5% (0.4)
United Kingdom	285 (445)	2.8% (2.4)	Austria	50 (56)	0.5% (0.3)
Indonesia	230 (369)	2.2% (2.0)	Cambodia	47 (44)	0.5% (0.2)
Nepal	160 (101)	1.6% (0.5)	Egypt	47 (55)	0.5% (0.3)
Spain	131 (157)	1.3% (0.8)	Netherlands	46 (159)	0.4% (0.8)
Brazil	126 (142)	1.2% (0.8)	Bangladesh	45 (37)	0.4% (0.2)
Sweden	91 (153)	0.9% (0.8)	Hungary	41 (63)	0.4% (0.3)
Russian Federation	89 (179)	0.9% (1.0)	Other countries	794 (1,576)	7.7% (8.4)
Italy	88 (310)	0.9% (1.6)	Total	10,302 (18,798)	100.0% (100.0)

() indicates figures as of May 1, 2019

3. Number of international students by gender

Gender	Number of students		% of total	
Male	121,160	(125,771)	55.4%	(55.1)
Female	97,623	(102,632)	44.6%	(44.9)
Total	218,783	(228,403)	100.0%	(100.0)

() indicates figures as of May 1, 2019

4. Number of international students by institutional type

	National		Local public		Private		Total	
	Number of students	% of total	Number of students	% of total	Number of students	% of total	Number of students	% of total
Graduate school	32,800 (33,185)	61.8% (62.5)	2,329 (2,234)	4.4% (4.2)	17,927 (17,670)	33.8% (33.3)	53,056 (53,089)	100.0% (100.0)
University (undergraduate)	10,591 (13,070)	13.3% (14.6)	1,611 (1,985)	2.0% (2.2)	67,624 (74,547)	84.7% (83.2)	79,826 (89,602)	100.0% (100.0)
included intensive courses	0 (0)	0.0% (0.0)	0 (0)	0.0% (0.0)	2,860 (4,876)	100.0% (100.0)	2,860 (4,876)	100.0% (100.0)
included advanced courses	0 (7)	0.0% (53.8)	0 (0)	0.0% (0.0)	3 (6)	100.0% (46.2)	3 (13)	100.0% (100.0)
Junior college	0 (0)	0.0% (0.0)	1 (18)	0.04% (0.6)	2,827 (2,826)	99.96% (99.4)	2,828 (2,844)	100.0% (100.0)
included intensive courses	0 (0)	0.0% (0.0)	0 (0)	0.0% (0.0)	197 (497)	100.0% (100.0)	197 (497)	100.0% (100.0)
included advanced courses	0 (0)	0.0% (0.0)	0 (0)	0.0% (0.0)	4 (7)	100.0% (100.0)	4 (7)	100.0% (100.0)
College of technology	421 (453)	99.5% (89.5)	0 (0)	0.0% (0.0)	2 (53)	0.5% (10.5)	423 (506)	100.0% (100.0)
included advanced courses	16 (9)	94.1% (100.0)	0 (0)	0.0% (0.0)	1 (0)	5.9% (0.0)	17 (9)	100.0% (100.0)
Professional training college	0 (0)	0.0% (0.0)	27 (24)	0.03% (0.0)	79,571 (78,820)	99.97% (100.0)	79,598 (78,844)	100.0% (100.0)
University preparatory course	125 (0)	4.1% (0.0)	0 (0)	0.0% (0.0)	2,927 (3,518)	95.9% (100.0)	3,052 (3,518)	100.0% (100.0)
Total	43,937 (46,708)	20.1% (20.4)	3,968 (4,261)	1.8% (1.9)	170,878 (177,434)	78.1% (77.7)	218,783 (228,403)	100.0% (100.0)

() indicates figures as of May 1, 2019

5. Number of international students by major field

Major field	Number of students		% of total	
Humanities	40,073	(49,250)	18.3%	(21.6)
Social science	81,975	(84,714)	37.5%	(37.1)
Science	4,255	(4,305)	1.9%	(1.9)
Engineering	41,780	(40,145)	19.1%	(17.6)
Agriculture	4,075	(4,059)	1.9%	(1.8)
Health care	5,869	(5,466)	2.7%	(2.4)
Home economics	5,874	(5,460)	2.7%	(2.4)
Education	3,157	(3,536)	1.4%	(1.5)
Arts	13,089	(11,901)	6.0%	(5.2)
Others	18,636	(19,567)	8.5%	(8.6)
Total	218,783	(228,403)	100.0%	(100.0)

() indicates figures as of May 1, 2019

6. Number of international students by region and prefecture of Japan

Region	Number of students	% of total	Prefecture	Number of students		Region	Number of students	% of total	Prefecture	Number of students	
Hokkaido	3,705 (3,886)	1.7% (1.7)	Hokkaido	3,705	(3,886)	Kinki	43,055 (42,867)	19.7% (18.8)	Mie	1,334	(1,230)
									Shiga	545	(508)
Tohoku	5,929 (5,877)	2.7% (2.6)	Aomori	416	(416)	Chugoku	10,659 (11,220)	4.9% (4.9)	Wakayama	631	(615)
			Iwate	411	(407)				Tottori	196	(195)
			Miyagi	3,725	(3,569)				Shimane	371	(345)
			Akita	323	(460)				Okayama	3,128	(3,219)
			Yamagata	315	(311)				Hiroshima	4,466	(4,786)
			Fukushima	739	(714)				Yamaguchi	2,498	(2,675)
Kanto	106,466 (113,300)	48.7% (49.6)	Ibaraki	4,675	(5,345)	Shikoku	1,841 (1,850)	0.8% (0.8)	Tokushima	515	(470)
			Tochigi	2,773	(2,463)				Kagawa	672	(656)
			Gunma	4,293	(6,415)				Ehime	452	(504)
			Saitama	9,285	(9,361)				Kochi	202	(220)
			Chiba	8,118	(8,755)				Fukuoka	15,386	(14,910)
			Tokyo	70,171	(72,421)				Saga	620	(551)
Chubu	21,171 (23,963)	9.7% (10.5)	Kanagawa	7,151	(8,540)	Kyushu	25,957 (25,440)	11.9% (11.1)	Nagasaki	1,828	(2,032)
			Niigata	2,177	(2,434)				Kumamoto	1,168	(1,110)
			Toyama	574	(591)				Oita	3,513	(3,763)
			Ishikawa	1,939	(1,986)				Miyazaki	618	(591)
			Fukui	412	(481)				Kagoshima	1,129	(1,150)
			Yamanashi	878	(792)				Okinawa	1,695	(1,333)
			Nagano	1,266	(1,331)						
			Gifu	1,573	(1,579)						
			Shizuoka	2,623	(2,241)						
Aichi	9,729	(12,528)									
							Total	218,783 (228,403)	100.0% (100.0)		

() indicates figures as of May 1, 2019

Note: International students attending universities whose campuses lie in two or more prefectures are included in the figure for the prefecture where the main office of the university is located.

6. Number of international students by region and prefecture of Japan

Summary by prefecture where international students are studying

Region	Number of students	% of total	Prefecture	Number of students	Region	Number of students	% of total	Prefecture	Number of students			
Hokkaido	3,740	1.7%	Hokkaido	3,740	Kinki	43,339	19.8%	Mie	1,334			
								Shiga	1,585			
Kyoto	10,340											
Osaka	19,254											
Hyogo	8,918											
Nara	1,270											
Wakayama	638											
Tohoku	5,920	2.7%	Aomori	380				Chugoku	9,992	4.6%	Tottori	180
			Iwate	387							Shimane	387
			Miyagi	3,725							Okayama	3,093
			Akita	323	Hiroshima	4,487						
			Yamagata	332	Yamaguchi	1,845						
			Fukushima	773	Shikoku	1,869	0.9%				Tokushima	494
Kanto	107,810	49.3%	Ibaraki	3,977				Kagawa	711			
			Tochigi	2,748				Ehime	449			
			Gunma	2,595				Kochi	215			
			Saitama	9,670				Kyushu	24,156	11.0%	Fukuoka	13,942
			Chiba	10,158							Saga	631
			Tokyo	67,488	Nagasaki	1,828						
Kanagawa	11,174	Kumamoto	1,208									
Chubu	21,957	10.0%	Niigata	2,184	Oita	3,513						
			Toyama	574	Miyazaki	618						
			Ishikawa	1,939	Kagoshima	714						
			Fukui	412	Okinawa	1,702						
			Yamanashi	880	Total	218,783	100.0%					
			Nagano	1,266								
			Gifu	1,559								
			Shizuoka	2,759								
Aichi	10,384											

() indicates figures as of May 1, 2019

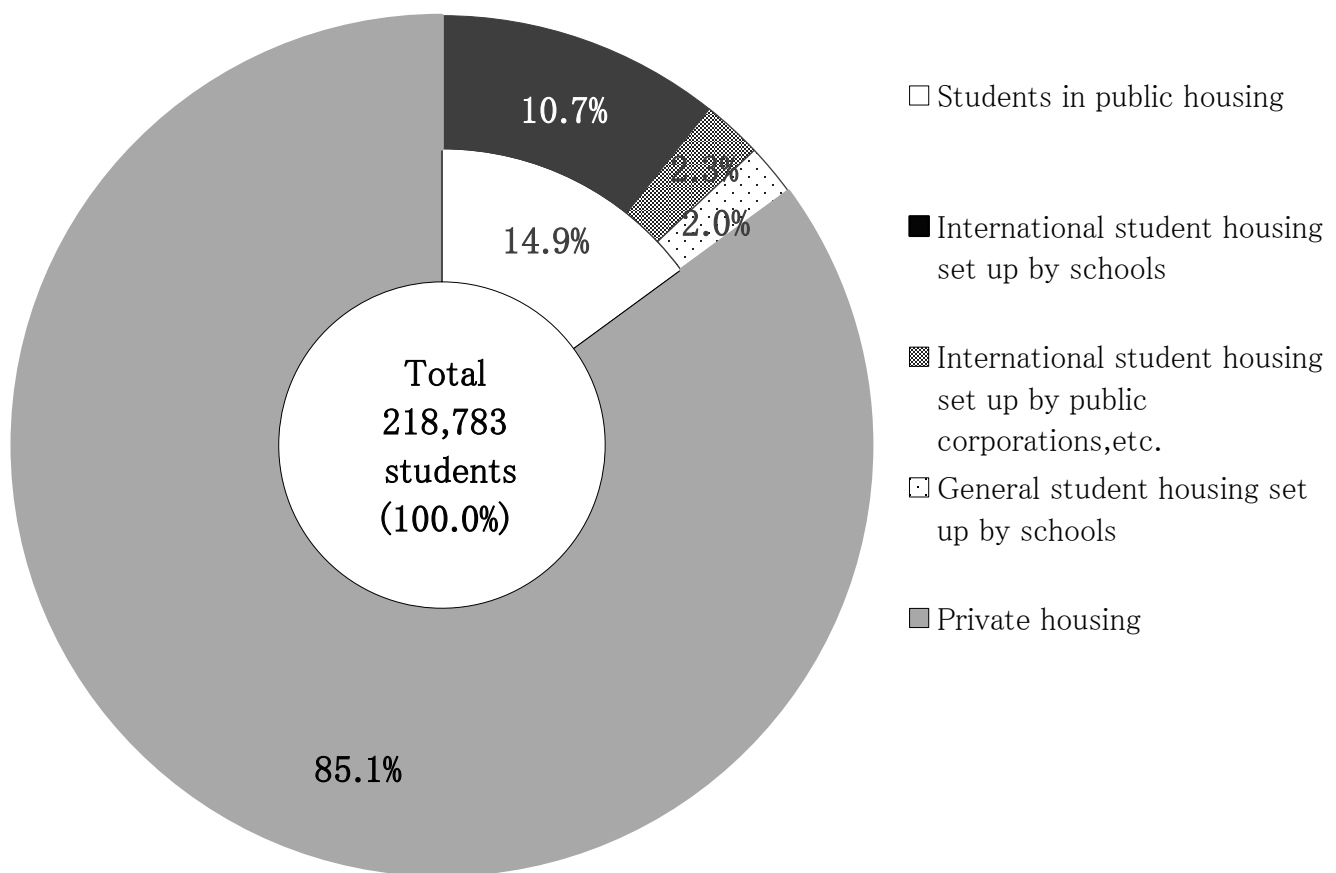
Note: International students attending universities whose campuses lie in two or more prefectures are included in the figure for the prefecture where the main office of the university is located.

7. Number of International Students by Housing (As of May 1, 2019)

○ Total number of international students 218,783 students (Decrease of 9,620 students)

○ Students in public housing 32,677 students (Decrease of 13,320 students)

Type	Number of students
Public housing	32,677
International student housing set up by schools	23,388
National : 94 schools	9,168
Local public : 35 schools	717
Private : 398 schools	13,503
International student housing set up by public corporations, etc.	4,963
Student housing set up by JASSO	843
Student housing set up by local government	792
Student housing set up by public corporations	1,033
Public housing	1,289
Private company housing	1,006
General student housing set up by schools	4,326
National : 92 schools	2,350
Local public : 10 schools	56
Private : 207 schools	1,920
Private housing	186,106
Total	218,783



【Reference 4】

International students in Japanese language institutes

1. Number of international students by region of origin

Region	Number of students	% of total	Change
Asia	58,501	96.2%	▲ 22,043
Europe	1,477	2.4%	▲ 888
North America	395	0.6%	▲ 19
Latin America	262	0.4%	3
Middle East	62	0.1%	▲ 17
Africa	62	0.1%	▲ 16
Oceania	55	0.1%	▲ 17
Others	0	0.0%	0
Total	60,814	100.0%	▲ 22,997

2. Nationality

Country/region	Number of students	% of total	Change
China	26,842	44.1%	▲ 3,547
Viet Nam	18,442	30.3%	▲ 9,699
Nepal	5,548	9.1%	▲ 2,098
Taiwan	1,200	2.0%	▲ 866
Republic Of Korea	1,131	1.9%	▲ 1,230
Indonesia	1,067	1.8%	▲ 485
Mongolia	964	1.6%	▲ 276
Philippines	816	1.3%	▲ 627
Myanmar	684	1.1%	▲ 946
Sri Lanka	468	0.8%	▲ 1,189
Other countries	3,652	6.0%	▲ 2,034
Total	60,814	100.0%	▲ 22,997

3. Number of international students by region and prefecture of Japan

Region	Number of students	% of total	Prefecture	Number of students		Region	Number of students	% of total	Prefecture	Number of students	
Hokkaido	370 (497)	0.6% (0.6%)	Hokkaido	370	(497)	Kinki	10,071 (13,525)	16.6% (16.1%)	Mie	370	(352)
									Shiga	0	(0)
Tohoku	1,255 (1,169)	2.1% (1.4%)	Aomori	0	(0)	Chugoku	886 (1,002)	1.5% (1.2%)	Kyoto	1,854	(2,630)
			Iwate	0	(0)				Osaka	6,129	(7,923)
			Miyagi	1,148	(1,063)				Hyogo	1,616	(2,489)
			Akita	0	(0)				Nara	102	(120)
			Yamagata	0	(0)				Wakayama	0	(11)
			Fukushima	107	(106)				Tottori	124	(112)
Kanto	37,977 (54,935)	62.4% (65.5%)	Ibaraki	222	(589)	Shikoku	27 (50)	0.04% (0.06%)	Shimane	11	(0)
			Tochigi	236	(667)				Okayama	420	(484)
			Gunma	433	(655)				Hiroshima	280	(354)
			Saitama	2,229	(3,116)				Yamaguchi	51	(52)
			Chiba	2,094	(3,505)				Tokushima	0	(0)
			Tokyo	30,628	(43,673)				Kagawa	0	(0)
			Kanagawa	2,135	(2,730)				Ehime	27	(50)
Chubu	4,791 (5,877)	7.9% (7.0%)	Niigata	21	(0)	Kyushu	5,437 (6,756)	8.9% (8.1%)	Kochi	0	(0)
			Toyama	84	(103)				Fukuoka	3,874	(4,719)
			Ishikawa	0	(0)				Saga	302	(337)
			Fukui	46	(87)				Nagasaki	131	(113)
			Yamanashi	197	(286)				Kumamoto	5	(39)
			Nagano	179	(293)				Oita	46	(74)
			Gifu	453	(492)				Miyazaki	15	(19)
			Shizuoka	1,192	(1,343)				Kagoshima	83	(173)
			Aichi	2,619	(3,273)				Okinawa	981	(1,282)
						Total			60,814 (83,811)	100.0% (100.0)	

() indicates figures as of May 1, 2019

4. Number of international students by housing(As of May 1, 2020)

○Number of international students 60,814 students (Decrease of 22,997 students)

○Students in public housing 14,014 students (Decrease of 9,432 students)

Type	Number of students	Change
Public housing	14,014	▲ 9,432
International student housing set up by schools	11,957	▲ 8,806
International student housing set up by public corporations, etc.	1,078	321
Student housing set up by JASSO	0	0
Student housing set up by local government	10	▲ 62
Student housing set up by public corporations	84	▲ 47
Public housing	330	273
Private company housing	654	157
General student housing set up by schools	979	▲ 947
Private housing	46,800	▲ 13,565
Total	60,814	▲ 22,997

